

### Exercise WS4.1

- Expand (= multiply out) the following:
  - $(x + 4)(x - 1)$
  - $(x + 5)(x - 5)$
  - $(\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{8})(3x - 5)$
- Explain with the aid of a diagram why  $(x + a)(x - a) = x^2 - a^2$ . (Hint: Start by drawing a rectangle with one side of length  $x$  and the other of length  $x + a$ .)

### Exercise WS4.2

By trial and error, solve the following quadratic equations (where possible). Then check your answers by solving them using the formula.

- $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$
- $x^2 - x - 6 = 0$
- $x^2 + \frac{3}{8}x + \frac{1}{32} = 0$
- $6x^2 + 25x - 9 = 0$
- $x^2 + 14x + 49 = 0$

### Exercise WS4.3

- Sketch the graphs of the following quadratic functions. (Hint: it may help if you factorise them.) Take values of  $x$  between  $-5$  and  $+5$ .
  - $y = x^2 - 4x - 5$
  - $y = x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{20}$
  - $y = 2x^2 + 7x - 4$

2. Use your graphs from question 1 to find approximate solutions to the following quadratic equations, where possible. Then check your answers by factorisation or by applying the formula.
- (a)  $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$
- (b)  $x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{20} = 0$
- (c)  $2x^2 + 7x - 4 = 0$
3. You are given the following information about a quadratic function  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ . Find  $b$  and  $c$  and sketch the graph.  
 $a = 1$ ;  $y = 0$  when  $x = -1$  or  $3$ .
4. Given the quadratic function  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ , show that the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  has no real roots if  $b = 0$  and  $a$  and  $c$  have the same sign.
5. A quadratic function  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  has the following properties:  $a = -2$ , and  $y = 0$  when  $x = 4$  (and at no other point). Find  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$ . Sketch the graph, taking  $x$  from 0 to 10.

#### Exercise WS4.4

1. Solve the following simultaneous equations, and draw sketch graphs of the functions, indicating your solution.

$$y = x^2 + x - 9 \quad ; \quad y = -x^2 - 2x + 81$$

2. Given the following supply and demand functions for a good, (i) find the equilibrium price and quantity. (ii) Draw sketch graphs of the functions, indicating your solution:

(a)  $q^S = p^2 + 4p + 8 \quad ; \quad q^D = -0.5p + 21$

(b)  $q^S = p^2 + p - 7 \quad ; \quad q^D = -2p + 81$

3. Given the following inverse supply and demand functions for a good, find the equilibrium price and quantity, and draw sketch graphs of the functions, indicating your solution:

$$p^S = 2q + 1 \quad ; \quad p^D = -q^2 + 4$$